



4. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = x - 2,$$

$$y^2 + x^2 = 10.$$

(7)

A series of horizontal lines for writing the solution to the simultaneous equations.



6. (a) By eliminating y from the equations,

$$y = x - 4,$$

$$2x^2 - xy = 8,$$

show that

$$x^2 + 4x - 8 = 0. \quad (2)$$

- (b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = x - 4,$$

$$2x^2 - xy = 8,$$

giving your answers in the form $a \pm b\sqrt{3}$, where a and b are integers. (5)



6.

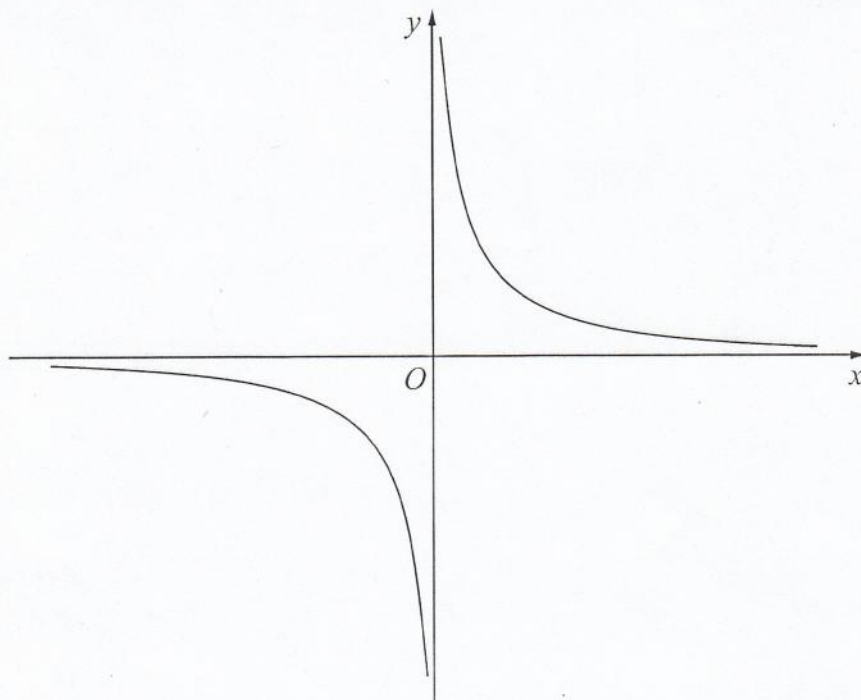


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve with equation $y = \frac{2}{x}$, $x \neq 0$

The curve C has equation $y = \frac{2}{x} - 5$, $x \neq 0$, and the line l has equation $y = 4x + 2$

- (a) Sketch and clearly label the graphs of C and l on a single diagram.

On your diagram, show clearly the coordinates of the points where C and l cross the coordinate axes.

(5)

- (b) Write down the equations of the asymptotes of the curve C .

(2)

- (c) Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of $y = \frac{2}{x} - 5$ and $y = 4x + 2$

(5)



10. Given the simultaneous equations

$$2x + y = 1$$

$$x^2 - 4ky + 5k = 0$$

where k is a non zero constant,

(a) show that

$$x^2 + 8kx + k = 0$$

(2)

Given that $x^2 + 8kx + k = 0$ has equal roots,

(b) find the value of k .

(3)

(c) For this value of k , find the solution of the simultaneous equations.

(3)

