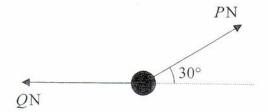
1.

Figure 1





A particle of weight 24 N is held in equilibrium by two light inextensible strings. One string is horizontal. The other string is inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal, as shown in Figure 1. The tension in the horizontal string is Q newtons and the tension in the other string is P newtons. Find

(a) the value of P,

(3)

(b) the value of Q.

(3)

3.

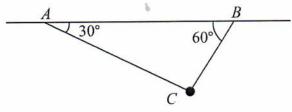


Figure 1

A particle of mass m kg is attached at C to two light inextensible strings AC and BC. The other ends of the strings are attached to fixed points A and B on a horizontal ceiling. The particle hangs in equilibrium with AC and BC inclined to the horizontal at 30° and 60° respectively, as shown in Figure 1.

Given that the tension in AC is 20 N, find

(a) the tension in BC,

(4)

(b) the value of m.

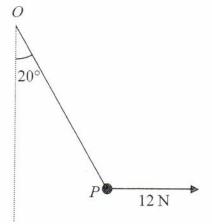
(4)

6

Leave blank

1.

Figure 1



A particle P is attached to one end of a light inextensible string. The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point O. A horizontal force of magnitude $12\,\mathrm{N}$ is applied to P. The particle P is in equilibrium with the string taut and OP making an angle of 20° with the downward vertical, as shown in Figure 1.

Find

(a) the tension in the string,

(3)

(b) the weight of P.

(4)

3. A particle P of mass 2 kg is attached to one end of a light string, the other end of which is attached to a fixed point O. The particle is held in equilibrium, with OP at 30° to the downward vertical, by a force of magnitude F newtons. The force acts in the same vertical plane as the string and acts at an angle of 30° to the horizontal, as shown in Figure 3.

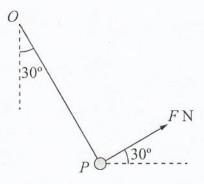


Figure 3

Find

(i) the value of F,

(ii) the tension in the string.

(8)

 		-	
			-